Edexcel GCSE German Grammar & Translation Workbook Jon Meier

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SANATERIAL MATERIAL G The **present tense** is used to talk about actions you are doing <u>now</u> and actions you do <u>regularly</u>. Once you have mastered the present tense, the other tenses will make more sense.

The ending of the verb changes according to the subject (the person) of the verb. Once you know these endings, they are the same for all regular verbs and almost all irregular verbs.

Note that German makes no distinction between 'I play' and 'I **am** play**ing**' – both versions are *ich spiele*.

	Machen	Lernen
1	ich mach e	ich lern e
you (sg)	du mach st	du lern st
he/she/it	er/sie/es/man mach t	er/sie/es/man lern t
we	wir mach en	wir lern en
you (pl)	ihr mach t	ihr lern t
they	Sie/sie mach en	Sie/sie lern en

The **infinitive** form is very useful. It gives you the *wir* (we) and the *sie* (they) forms. It's also really useful for forming the future (see p. 60) and conditional tenses (see p. 62), and for use with modal verbs (see p. 64).

Ich spiel**e** Tennis in der Schule. Wir lern**en** gern Deutsch. I play tennis at school. We like learning German.

Verbs with a stem ending in -d or -t add an extra -e - in the du and er/sie/es forms.

ich arbeit e	wir arbeit en
	ihr arbeit et
er/sie/es arbeit et	Sie/sie arbeit en

Verbs such as *bringen*, *finden*, *gehen*, *kommen*, *schreiben*, *schwimmen* and *trinken* follow the regular pattern in the present but are irregular in the past tense (see p. 52 and p. 56).

1 Circle the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1 Ich lerne / lernst / lernt Englisch.
- 2 Du hört / hörst / höre gern Musik.
- 3 Lucas arbeite / arbeiten / arbeitet gut in Mathe.
- 4 Wir spiele / spielt / spielen Basketball in der Schule.
- 5 Meine Freunde machst / macht / machen viel Sport.
- 6 Kaufe / Kaufst / Kauft du Papier für die Schule?

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 Ich gern Deutsch. (lernen)
- 2 Wir _____ nicht weit von der Schule. (wohnen)
- 3 Sophia _____ Sport an der Uni. (machen)

3 Use the key to form sentences using the prompts below.

- Example: ? du 😳 viel Sport in der Schule (treiben) Treibst du viel Sport in der Schule?
- 1 meine Schwester $\overline{\bigcirc}$ in der Theater-AG (*tanzen*)
- 2 meine Freunde 😕 nach der Schule (*arbeiten*)
- 3 ? du 😳 weit von der Schule (*wohnen*)
- 4 ? ihr \bigcirc Kleidung (*kaufen*)



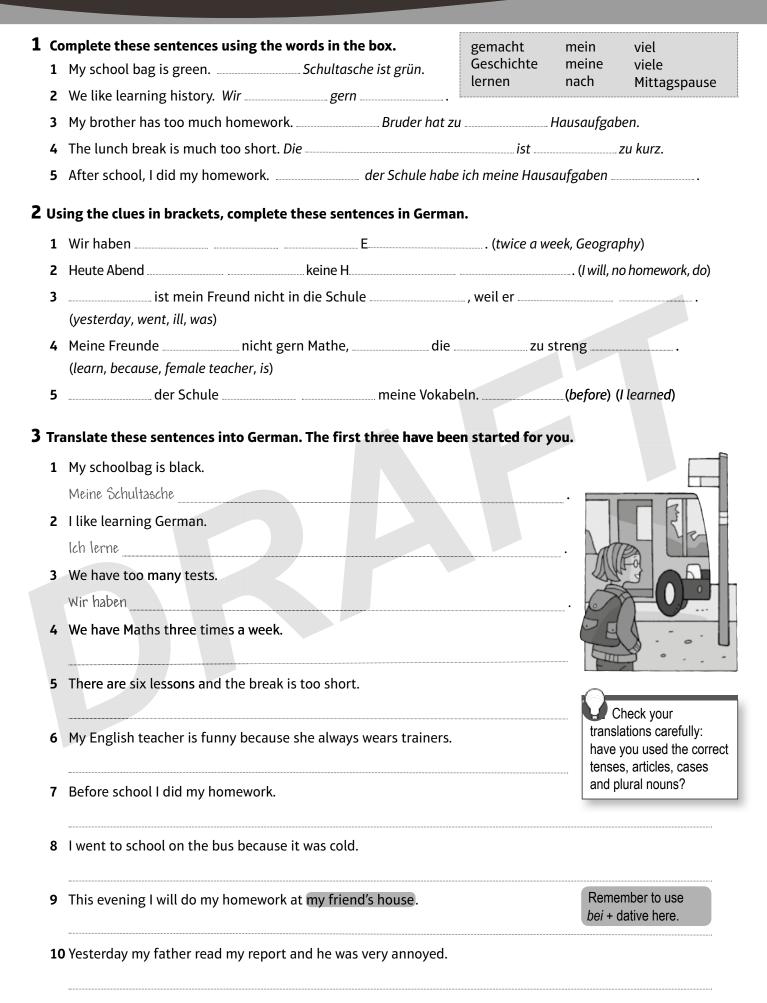
- 4 Meine Freunde ______ nicht in der Schule. (*arbeiten*)
- 5 Wann _____ du Musik? (hören)
- 6 _____ Sie oft, Frau Schmidt? (kochen)
 - ? make a question – gern
 - 送 nicht gern
- Remember to add *gern* <u>after</u> the verb to say someone <u>likes</u> doing something. Add *nicht gern* to say they <u>don't</u> like doing something.

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4 Use the words and phrases in the boxes to help you translate these sentences into German.

1	I buy a jacket.			hören machen
2	She buys a pair of trousers.		You don't need to say 'pair of' in German.	spielen lernen kaufen
3	We do homework.			eine Jacke mein Mathelehrer zu viel laute Musik in einer Band nicht gern eine Hose gern Basketball Jazzmusik Französisch Schüler
4	They learn French.			
5	5 My maths teacher plays in a band.			
6	Martin, do you like playing basketba			
7	The pupils don't like listening to jazz	Hausaufgaben		
8 You (pl) listen to too much loud music.				 <i>hören</i> means 'to hear' or 'to listen to'. You don't need to ad the word for 'to'.
5 Tr	ranslate the following into German.			
1	I learn German at school.			
2	We like buying clothes for parties.	How do you say someone <u>likes</u> doing something?		
3	My sister never plays tennis at the weekend.			How do you say this?
6 Тг	ranslate the following into German.		Check your word order	
	l learn ten subjects at school. I work a works for tests but she always gets go sport? We sometimes play table-tenn	ood marks. My friend	s like playing basketbal	
	Which word do you need to add fter the verb: gern or lieber?Which form of the verb do you need here?		You could use <i>machen</i> or <i>treiben</i> . Remember to swa the verb and the subject.	
<u> </u>				

Translation: English-German School



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Don't try to translate word for word.

- 4 Rewrite these sentences, translating the underlined words and replacing the phrases in bold with the suggested words and phrases in brackets.
 - 1 Meistens I come mit dem Rad in die Schule. (now and again, by train)
 - 2 Heute bin ich **mit meiner Mutter** mit dem Auto <u>travelled</u>, weil wir eine Klassenfahrt **nach Berlin** machen. (*with my dad, to Munich*)
 - 3 Also sind wir sehr früh got up. (quite)
 - 4 Ich bin aufgeregt, weil ich gern mit meinen Freunden together bin. (with my friend (m))
 - 5 Gestern <u>we were</u> in der Stadt und haben **Essen und Getränke** für die Fahrt <u>bought</u>. (*lots of cheese rolls and biscuits*)
 - 6 Nächstes Jahr <u>we must</u> Abitur machen. (*in 2 years*). Das <u>will</u> stressig sein. Aber ich freue mich schon auf den Abiball! (*party*)

5 Translate these passages into German.

1 Usually I come to school by train, so I have to get up very early. I think that today we have a double lesson of sport in the afternoon. Last week we had a great class trip to Berlin. Although it rained every day, we had fun and I would like to go back there again one day.

2 I find my school annoying. I don't learn French any more because I got bad marks last year. Yesterday I wanted to send my friend a text but we're not allowed to use mobile phones at school. If I had the choice, I would rather go to school in England where they are not so strict.

When you have finished, go back over your translations to check that they sound natural in German.

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