This test is divided into non-calculator ( 30 marks/minutes) and calculator ( 30 marks/minutes) sections which can be delivered separately.
The following marks are awarded for each question.

| B | Unconditional accuracy mark |
| :--- | :--- |
| M | Method mark - the correct method must be shown, but there may be an arithmetic <br> error; the sight of the value given in brackets implies the award of the method <br> mark |
| A | Accuracy mark - unless the question specifies that working must be shown, then <br> the sight of the correct answer implies the award of full marks (unless the answer <br> clearly comes from incorrect working) |
| C | Communication mark |
| P | Process mark - to show the correct process for problem solving. Any other <br> process of a similar standard to achieve an accurate result is acceptable to achieve <br> this mark |
| FT | Incorrect values may be followed through from one step to the next, provided <br> that the correct method is seen in each step and the only errors are arithmetic. <br> This is shown in mark schemes by putting a number in inverted commas |
| OE | Or equivalent answer mark |
|  |  |


| Non-Calculator |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | Answer | Mark | Comment |
| 1 | Geography with $\frac{68}{100}$ or $68 \% \& 67 \%$ | M1 | $\frac{34}{50}=\frac{68}{100}$ or $68 \%$ or $\frac{34}{50}$ and $\frac{33.5}{50}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 2 | 45(\%) | M1 | $\frac{9}{20} \times 100 \text { OE, e.g. } 5 \times 9$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |


| 3 | 924 (metres) | M1 | a correct method to find $10 \%$ of 840 or sight of 84 , e.g. $840 \div 10 \mathrm{OE}$, e.g. $\frac{10}{100} \times 840$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | M1 | $840+$ " 84 ", " 84 " must come be correct or come from correct workin; M2 for $1.1 \times 840$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 4 | $£ 4.80$ or 480 p | M1 | $\frac{20}{100} \times 6(\text { or } 600) \text { OE } £ 1.2(0)$ <br> units not essential but must be convincing what they are working in |
|  |  | M1 | M1 6 -"1.2(0)" or 600 - " 120 ", "1.2(0)" or " 120 " must be correct or come from correct working; M2 for 0.8 $\times 6$ |
|  |  | A1 | do not accept 4.8 or 480 with no units |
| 5 | $\frac{13}{15}$ | M1 | $\frac{6}{15}+\frac{7}{15} \text { OE, e.g. } \frac{30}{75}+\frac{35}{75}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 6 | $\frac{4}{11}$ | B1 |  |
| 7 | $\frac{3}{7}$ from correct working | M1 | two equivalent fractions, e.g. $\frac{15}{35}, \frac{14}{35}$ or for 15 squares and 14 squares shaded |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 8 | 140 (cm) | M1 | $(350 \div 5) \times 2 \mathrm{OE}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3,30 \% \\ & \frac{23}{100}, 23 \% \\ & \frac{7}{100}, 0.07 \end{aligned}$ | B3 | B3 for all correct; B2 for four or five correct; B1 for two or three correct) |


| 10 | $\frac{20}{27}$ | M1 | $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{10}{9} \mathrm{OE}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 11 | $3 \frac{3}{10}$ | M1 | $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{11}{5}$ |
|  |  | M1 | $\frac{33}{10}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |


| 曲 Calculator |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | Answer | Mark | Comment |
| 12 | 14(\%) | M1 | $\frac{42}{300} \mathrm{OE}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 13 | First card, OE, and 70.27 and 69.48 and 70 | B1 | $\begin{aligned} & 70.27 \\ & \text { correct method to get } 69.48 \text {, e.g. } 0.72 \times \\ & 96.5 \\ & \text { correct method to get } 70 \text {, e.g. } 112 \div 8 \times 5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | P1 |  |
|  |  | P1 |  |
|  |  | C1 |  |
| 14a | $£ 43.75$ | M1 | $\frac{1.75}{100} \times 2500 \mathrm{OE}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 14b | 4 | M1 | $160 \div$ " 43.75 " or " 43.75 " $\times 1.75^{3}$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 15 | (\$)427.8(0) | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \div 100 \times 460(=32.2(0)) \mathrm{OE} \\ & 460-\text { " } 32.2(0) " ; \text { M2 for } 0.93 \times 460 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 16 | $0.615, \frac{5}{8}, 0.63,65 \%, \frac{2}{3}$ | M2 | $\begin{aligned} & 65,61.5,66 .(66 \ldots), 63,62.5 \\ & \text { or } 0.65,0.615,0.66(6 . .) \text { OE, } 0.63,0.625 \end{aligned}$ <br> M2 for all written as decimals or percentages; M1 for one of $\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{5}{8}$ written as a decimal or percentage <br> A1 all in the correct position; can have these in any form as long as correct |
|  |  | A1 |  |


| 17 | No with 1170 and 1200 or No with 1.17 | P1 | use of 1000 ml in a litre <br> $350+500+320$ (could work in litres) <br> for 1170 or 1.17(0) <br> dep on P2 FT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | P1 |  |
|  |  | A1 |  |
|  |  | C1 |  |
| 18 | $3 \frac{1}{15}$ | M1 | students should show little method as they should do this on the calculator $3 \frac{6}{15}-\frac{5}{15} \text { or } \frac{81}{15}-\frac{35}{15} \text { or } \frac{46}{15}$ <br> OE improper fraction |
|  |  | A1 |  |
| 19 | Abigail with the correct figures of 9.62 and 9.66 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4}{100} \times 9.25(=0.37) \text { OE or } 1.04 \times 9.25 \\ & (=9.62) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | M1 | $9.20 \div 20(=0.46) \mathrm{OE}$ |
|  |  | M1 | for complete method for Pedro, e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 9.25+\frac{4}{100} \times 9.25(=9.62) \\ & \text { e.g. } 1.04 \times 9.25(=9.62) \end{aligned}$ <br> and complete method for Abigail, e.g. $9.20+9.20 \div 20$ |
|  |  | A1 |  |


| Non-Calculator |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Topic | Step | Mark |
| 1 | Recognise the equivalence of percentages, fractions and decimals | 3 rd | 2 |
| 2 | Express one given number as a percentage of another | 4 th | 2 |
| 3 | Find a percentage of a quantity using a multiplier | 4 th | 3 |
| 4 | Find a percentage of a quantity using a multiplier | 4 th | 3 |
| 5 | Add and subtract fractions - proper and improper, positive and <br> negative | 6 th | 2 |
| 6 | Add and subtract fractions - proper and improper, positive and <br> negative | 6 th | 1 |
| 7 | Order fractions, decimals and percentages | 4 th | 2 |
| 8 | Use knowledge of equivalence between fractions and percentages <br> and mental strategies to solve problems involving the calculation <br> of percentages, including amounts of money and other measures | 5 th | 2 |
| 9 | work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their <br> corresponding fractions (such as 3.5 and 7/2 or 0.375 or 3/8), Use <br> strategies for finding equivalent fractions, decimals and <br> percentages involving decimal percentages and decimals greater <br> than 0 | 5 th | 3 |
| 10 | Multiply and divide simple fractions (mixed) - positive and <br> negative | 8 th | 2 |
| 11 | Multiply and divide simple fractions (mixed) - positive and <br> negative | 8 th | 3 |


| Qe:\# Calculator | Step | Mark |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Topic | 5 th | 2 |
| 12 | Express one quantity as a percentage of another, Solve simple <br> problems involving units of measurement in the context of length <br> and area | 4 th | 4 |
| 13 | Calculate simple fractions of quantities and measurements (whole- <br> number answers), Find a percentage of a quantity using a <br> multiplier | 6 th | 2 |
| 14 a | Compare two quantities using percentages, including a <br> range of calculations and contexts | 6 th | 1 |
| 14 b | Compare two quantities using percentages, including a <br> range of calculations and contexts | 6 th | 3 |
| 15 | Use percentages in real-life situations: VAT, value of profit or <br> loss, simple interest, income tax calculations |  |  |


| 16 | Use strategies for finding equivalent fractions, decimals and <br> percentages involving decimal percentages and decimals greater <br> than 0 | 6th | 3 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Compare two quantities using percentages, including a range of <br> calculations and contexts | 6 th | 4 |
| 18 | Add and subtract fractions - proper and improper, positive and <br> negative | 6th | 2 |
| 19 | Solve problems involving percentage change, Convert a fraction <br> to a decimal to make a calculation easier | 6th | 4 |

## Marks to Steps conversion table

The table below converts marks to a step on the Pearson progression scale. For more information on the progression service please see the progression website.

| Mark | Step |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | U |
| 1 | 1st Step |
| $2-4$ | 2nd Step |
| $5-11$ | 3rd Step |
| $12-20$ | 4th Step |
| $21-29$ | 5th Step |
| $30-37$ | 6th Step |
| $38-43$ | 7th Step |
| $44-50$ | 8th Step |

